ORIGINAL

Jonathan Shub (SBN 237708)

SEEGER WEISS LLP

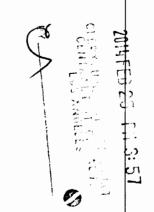
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Attorneys for Plaintiff Dino Bruce, and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

DINO BRUCE, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,

CV14-1424 PA (FFMX)

Case No.:

ET. SEO.;

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Plaintiff,

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v.

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KIND, LLC,

Defendant

FALSE ADVERTISING LAW, CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE §§ 17500 ET. SEO.; AND

VIOLATIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA

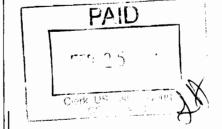
CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

UNFAIR COMPEITION LAW,

VIOLATIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA

CAL.BUS. & PROF. CODE §§ 17200

VIOLATIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA CONSUMERS LEGAL REMEDIES ACT, CAL. CIV. CODE §§ 1750 ET SEQ



JURY TRIAL REQUESTED

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

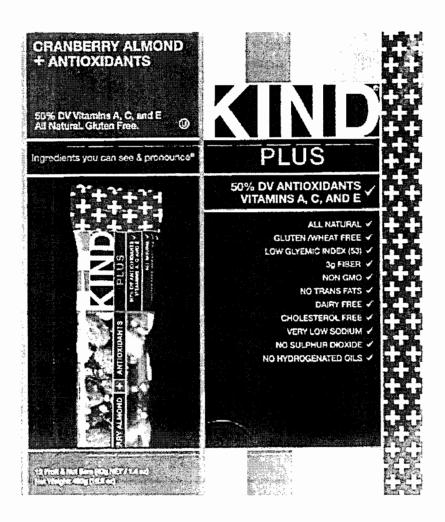
Plaintiff DINO BRUCE, by and through undersigned counsel, on behalf of himself and all other persons and entities similarly situated, sues Defendant, KIND, LLC, and for his Complaint alleges, upon information and belief and based on the investigation to date of his counsel, as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. This is a civil class action brought individually by Plaintiff and on behalf of a class of persons similarly situated, ("Class Members"), who purchased one of Defendant's Kind® Plus snack bars ("the Products").
- 2. The Products sold by Defendant are labeled as "All Natural" even though they contain ascorbic acid, which is an artificial ingredient and recognized as such by federal regulation. See 7 C.F.R. § 205.605(b).
- 3. Two of the Products¹ sold by Defendant also contain Soy Lecithin which is produced through a chemical manufacturing process which would appear un-natural to any reasonable consumer.
- 4. Defendant's use the exact same deceptive and misleading labeling of "All Natural" on the following substantially similar products (the "Products"):

¹ Kind® Plus Dark Chocolate Cherry Cashew + Antioxidants and Kind® Plus Pomegranate Blueberry Pistachio + Antioxidants.

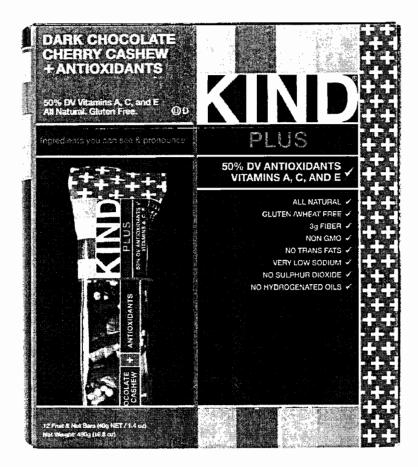
a) Kind® Plus Cranberry Almond + Antioxidants



Ingredients / Almonds, dried cranberries (cranberries, sugar), macadamias, honey, non GMO glucose, crisp rice, chicory root fiber, sunflower oil. VITAMINS: Vitamin A (Vit. A Acetate), Vitamin C (Ascorbic Acid), Vitamin E (D-Alpha Tocopheryl Acetate).

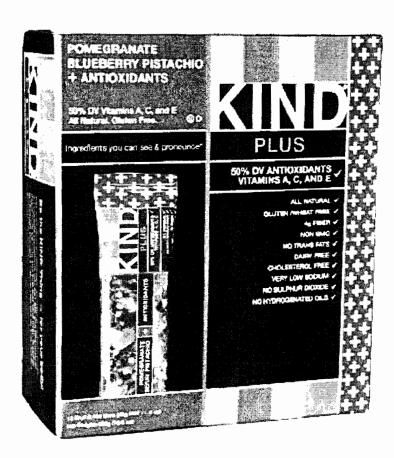
http://www.kindsnacks.com/products/kind-store/buy-kind-bars/kind-plus/kind-plus-cranberry-and-almond.html

b) Kind® Plus Dark Chocolate Cherry Cashew + Antioxidants



Ingredients / Mixed nuts (almonds, cashews, peanuts), dried fruit (cherries, raisins, cranberries), sugar, honey, non GMO glucose, palm kernel oil, crisp rice, cocoa powder, chicory root fiber, soy lecithin, vanilla, whole milk, salt, sunflower oil. VITAMINS: Vitamin A (Vit. A Acetate), Vitamin C (Ascorbic Acid), Vitamin E (D-Alpha Tocopheryl Acetate).

http://www.kindsnacks.com/products/kind-store/buy-kind-bars/kind-plus/darkchocolate-cherry-cashew-antioxidants.html



Ingredients / Mixed nuts (almonds, cashews, pistachios), mixed fruit (raisins, pomegranate, blueberries, apples, plums), honey, non GMO glucose, crisp rice, apple juice, sugar, vegetable glycerine, chicory root fiber, soy lecithin, citrus pectin, natural blueberry flavor. VITAMINS: Vitamin A (Vit. A Acetate), Vitamin C (Ascorbic Acid), Vitamin E (D-Alpha Tocopheryl Acetate).

http://www.kindsnacks.com/products/kind-store/buy-kind-bars/kind-plus/pomegranate-blueberry-pistachio-antioxidants.html

5. The class members are all persons located within the state of California who purchased the Products.

- 6. Defendant advertises, formulates, manufactures, markets, sells and distributes the Products.
- 7. Defendant advertises labels and markets the Products in a misleading and deceptive manner.
- 8. Plaintiff brings this action challenging Defendant's mislabeling of the Product on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, under California's Unfair Competition Law, False Advertising Law, and Consumer Legal Remedies Act.
- 9. Plaintiff seeks an order compelling Defendant to (1) cease marketing the Products using the misleading tactics complained of herein, (2) conduct a corrective advertising campaign, (3) restore the amounts by which Defendant has been unjustly enriched, and (4) destroy all misleading and deceptive materials.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 10. This Court has jurisdiction over all causes of action asserted herein.
- 11. Jurisdiction is proper in this court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d), because there are at least 100 Class Members in the proposed Class, the combined claims of proposed Class Members exceed \$5,000,000 exclusive of interest and costs, and at least one Class Member is a citizen of a state other than Defendant's state of citizenship.

- 12. Plaintiff will likely have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery regarding Defendant's sales of the Products during the class period.
- part of the events giving rise to the claims asserted herein occurred in this District. Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c) because Defendant conducts substantial business in this District, has sufficient minimum contacts with this District, and otherwise purposely avail themselves of the markets in this District, through the promotion, sale, and marketing of their Products in this District.
- 14. Defendant and other out-of-state participants can be brought before this Court pursuant to state and federal law.

PARTIES

- Products through Defendant's website www.kindsnacks.com and/or one of the many brick and mortar and online retailers of Defendant's Products throughout California. Plaintiff and Class Members suffered an injury in fact caused by the false, fraudulent, unfair, deceptive and misleading practices set forth in this Complaint.
- 16. Plaintiff is a resident of the County of Los Angeles, State of California, and the events set forth in this Complaint took place therein, who, on or about January 16, 2014, purchased the product Kind® Plus Cranberry Almond +

Antioxidants ("Product") for his own use, and not for resale, from Gelson's Super Market located at 5877 Franklin Ave., Hollywood, CA 90028. Plaintiff has also purchased several of the Products, including Kind® Plus Cranberry Almond + Antioxidants and Kind® Plus Dark Chocolate Cherry Cashew + Antioxidants, over the past year from Trader Joe's, Gelson's and Starbucks.

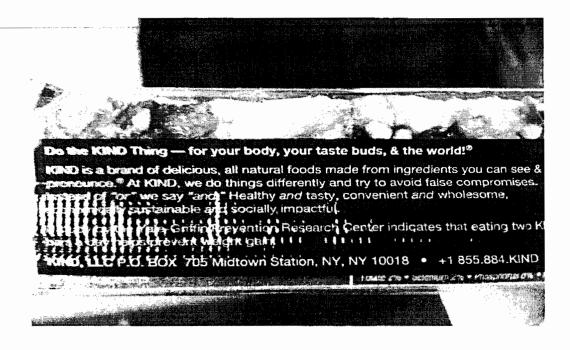
17. Kind, LLC is a Delaware Limited Liability Company headquartered at 8 West 38th Street, 6th Floor, New York, New York 10018. Kind is a manufacturer and distributor of whole nut and fruit bars and snacks targeted at health conscious consumers. The company was founded in 2004 and now sells its products throughout the United States and internationally.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 18. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing paragraphs as if fully restated herein.
- 19. Plaintiff Bruce reviewed the label of each of the Products prior to purchase.
- 20. Plaintiff Bruce reasonably relied on the information provided by Defendant when making the decision to purchase the Products.
- 21. Plaintiff would have purchased another snack bar, if any at all, and would not have paid the premium price charged by Defendant for its Products if he was made aware that the Product was not "All Natural".

- 22. The Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") has established a policy clarifying that a product is not natural if it contains color, artificial flavors, or synthetic substances. http://www.fda.gov/ForConsumers/ConsumerUpdates/ucm094536.htm and http://www.fda.gov/AboutFDA/Transparency/Basics/ucm214868.htm.
- 23. The FDA states, "the agency will maintain its policy (Ref. 32) regarding the use of 'natural', as meaning that nothing artificial or synthetic (including all color additives regardless of source) has been included in, or has been added to, a food that would not normally be expected to be in the food." 58 Fed. Reg. 2302, 2407 (Jan. 6, 2003).
- 24. Congress has defined "synthetic" to mean "a substance that is formulated or manufactured by a chemical process or by a process that chemically changes a substance extracted from naturally occurring plant, animal, or mineral sources, except that such term shall not apply to substances created by naturally occurring biological processes." 7 U.S.C. § 6502(21).
- 25. Ascorbic acid is an artificial, chemically modified form of Vitamin C used in foods as an antioxidant and as a preservative. The un-natural quality of ascorbic acid is so undeniable that it is recognized by federal regulation as a synthetic ingredient. *See* 7 C.F.R. § 205.605(b).
- 26. Soy Lecithin is used in food as an emulsifier, as a lubricant, and to extend shelf life.

- 27. In order to extract soy lecithin from soybeans, the soybeans are immersed in hexane, a byproduct of petroleum refining, before further processing occurs.
- 28. Soy Lecithin's chemical manufacturing process places it outside of a reasonable consumer's definition and understanding of "All Natural".
- 29. Defendant goes further than the simply deceptive "All Natural" labeling of the Products. If there is any doubt about what "All Natural" means about Defendant's Products, Defendant makes clear that it is not playing any tricks. Natural means natural, entirely natural.
- 30. As Defendant adds on the back of the Products' labels, "KIND is a brand of delicious, all natural foods made from ingredients you can see & pronounce.®"



- 31. Defendant echoes its honest use of "Natural" on its own website and wider marketing materials, "Our secret ingredient is that we have no secret ingredientsTM". http://www.kindsnacks.com/products/kind-store/buy-kind-bars/kind-plus/pomegranate-blueberry-pistachio-antioxidants.html
- 32. The biggest secret of all about the ingredients in the Products: the ingredients are not actually "All Natural."

RELIANCE AND INJURY

- 33. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing paragraphs as if fully restated herein.
- 34. When purchasing the Products, Plaintiff was seeking a product that had the qualities described in Defendant's advertising, labeling and marketing.
 - 35. Plaintiff read and relied on the deceptive claims contained herein.
- 36. Plaintiff believed the Products had the qualities he sought, but the Product was actually unsatisfactory to Plaintiff for the reasons described herein.
- 37. Plaintiff paid more for the Products, and would have been unwilling to purchase the Product at all, absent the false and misleading labeling complained of herein. Plaintiff would not have purchased the Products absent these claims and advertisements.
- 38. For these reasons, the Products were worth less, if it all, than what Plaintiff paid for it, and Plaintiff would have purchased another snack bar, if any, had he known the truth about the Products.

- (c) Whether Defendant uses ascorbic acid or other ingredients recognized by federal regulation as synthetic or artificial in the Products labeled as "All Natural";
- (d) Whether Defendant's "All Natural" labeling of the Products is likely to deceive class members or the general public;
- (e) Whether Defendant's representations are unlawful;
- (f) Whether Defendant violated the California Civil Code Section 1750 et seq.;
- (g) Whether Defendant violated the California Business & Professions Code Section 17200 et seq.;
- (h) Whether Defendant violated the False Advertising Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code Section 17500 et seq.;;
- (i) Whether and to what extent Defendant was enriched and profited by its representations; and
- (j) Whether Plaintiff and Class Members sustained damages and, if so, the proper measure of damages, restitution, equitable or other relief, and the amount and nature of such relief.

Excluded from the Class is: (a) any Judge or Magistrate presiding over this action and members of their families; (b) Defendant and any entity in which Defendant has a controlling interest or which has a controlling interest in Defendant and its

legal representatives, assigns and successors of Defendant; and (c) all persons who properly execute and file a timely request for exclusion from the Class.

- 45. *Numerosity*: The Class is composed of thousands of persons geographically dispersed throughout the State of California and the United States, the joinder of whom in one action is impractical. Moreover, upon information and belief, the Class are ascertainable and identifiable from Defendant's records.
- 46. *Typicality*: Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class, as all such claims arise out of Defendant's conduct in manufacturing, marketing, advertising, warranting and selling the Products, Defendant's conduct in concealing material facts regarding the Products, Defendant's false, fraudulent, unfair and misleading claims and Plaintiff's and Class Members' purchasing the Products.
- 47. Adequate Representation: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class and have no interests antagonistic to those of the Class. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in the prosecution of complex class actions, including consumer class actions involving false and misleading advertising, product liability and product design defects.
- 48. Predominance and Superiority: This class action is appropriate for certification because questions of law and fact common to the members of the Class predominate over questions affecting only individual members, and a Class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication

of this controversy, since individual joinder of all members of the Class is impracticable. Should individual Class Members be required to bring separate actions, this Court and Courts throughout California would be confronted with a multiplicity of lawsuits burdening the court system while also creating the risk of inconsistent rulings and contradictory judgments. In contrast to proceeding on a case-by-case basis, in which inconsistent results will magnify the delay and expense to all parties and the court system, this class action presents far fewer management difficulties while providing unitary adjudication, economies of scale and comprehensive supervision by a single Court.

CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I

Violation of California Business and Professions Code § 17200 et seq. (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class Against Defendant)

- 49. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing paragraphs as if fully restated herein.
- 50. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 prohibits any "unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice", as well as any "unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading" advertising.
- 51. A business act or practice is "unlawful" if it violates any established state or federal law.

- 52. California's Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law ("Sherman Law"), Article 6, Section 110660 provides that: "Any food is misbranded if its labeling is false or misleading in any particular."
- 53. The acts, omissions, misrepresentations, practices, and non-disclosures of Defendant as alleged herein constitute "unlawful" business acts and practices in that Defendants' conduct violates the False Advertising Law and the Consumer Legal Remedies Act.
- 54. The acts, omissions, misrepresentations, practices, and non-disclosures of Defendant as alleged herein also constitute "unfair" business acts and practices under the UCL in that Defendant's conduct is immoral, unscrupulous, and offends public policy. Further, the gravity of Defendant's conduct outweighs any conceivable benefit of such conduct.
- 55. The acts, omissions, misrepresentations, practices, and non-disclosures of Defendant as alleged herein also constitute "fraudulent" business acts and practices under the UCL in that Defendant's claims of "All Natural" on the Products are false, misleading, and have a tendency to deceive the Class and the general public.
- 56. In accordance with Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203, Plaintiff seeks an order enjoining Defendant from continuing to conduct business through unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent acts and practices, and to commence a corrective advertising campaign.

57. Plaintiff further seeks an order for the disgorgement and restitution of all monies from the sale of the Defendant's Product, which were acquired through acts of unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent competition.

COUNT II

Violation of California Legal Remedies Act Cal. Civ. Code § 1750 et seq. (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class Against Defendant)

- 58. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing paragraphs as if fully restated herein.
- 59. This cause of action is brought pursuant to California's Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Cal. Civ. Code § 1750, et. seq (the "CLRA").
 - 60. Plaintiff is a consumer as defined by the CLRA.
 - 61. Defendant is a supplier or seller as defined by the CLRA.
- 62. Defendant's conduct described herein involves consumer transactions as defined in CLRA.
- 63. Plaintiff is further given the rights to bring the suit himself under Civ. Code § 1780 and on behalf of the class under § 1781.
- 64. Defendant has engaged in deceptive practices, unlawful methods of competition, and or unfair acts as defined by Civ. Code § 1750, *et seq.* to the detriment of the Plaintiff, members of the general public and the Class. Plaintiff, the general public and members of the Class have suffered harm as a proximate result of the wrongful conduct of Defendant as alleged herein.

- 65. Defendant intentionally, knowingly and unlawfully perpetrated a harm upon Plaintiff by the above-described facts.
- 66. Accordingly, Defendant violated the CLRA by engaging in the following practices proscribed by the California Consumer Legal Remedies Act, § 1770(a)(2)(3)(5)(7)(8) and (9) and in consumer transactions with the Plaintiff and the Class, which were intended to result in, and did result in the sale of the Products to the Plaintiff and the Putative Class:
 - (a) The following unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices undertaken by any person in a transaction intended to result or which results in the sale or lease of goods or services to any consumer are unlawful:
 - (1) Representing that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, or grade, or goods are of a particular style or model, if they are of another.
 - (2) Disparaging the goods, services, or business of another by false or misleading representation of fact.
 - (3) Advertising goods or services with intent not to sell them as advertised.
- 67. Accordingly, Defendant violated the CLRA by engaging in the practices proscribed by the California Consumer Legal Remedies Act, § 1770(a) and in consumer transactions with the Plaintiff and the Class, which were intended to result in, and did result in the sale of the Products to the Plaintiff and the Putative Class.

part:

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"It is unlawful for any ... corporation... with intent or indirectly to dispose of real or personal property... or anything of any nature whatsoever or to induce the public to enter into any obligation relating thereto, to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated before the public in this state, or to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated from this state before the public in any state, in any newspaper or other publication, or advertising device, . . . any statement, concerning that real or personal property... or concerning any circumstance or matter of fact connected with the proposal...disposition thereof, which is untrue or misleading, and which is known, or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading... or ... to so make or disseminate or cause to be so made or disseminated any such statement as part of a plan or scheme with the intent not to sell that personal property... so advertised... as so advertised."

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73. In violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500 et seq., the advertisements, labeling, policies, acts, and practices described herein were designed to, and did, result in the purchase and use of the Products.

- 74. Defendant knew and reasonably should have known that the advertising, marketing and labeling of the Products was untrue and/or misleading. But for these misrepresentations and omissions, Plaintiff and the Class would not have purchased the Products.
- 75. Pursuant to Bus. & Prof. Code § 17535, Plaintiff and the Class seek to recover from Defendant restitution and disgorgement of earnings, profits,

compensation and benefit obtained as a result of the practices that are unlawful under Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500 et seq. according to proof.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and the Class Members demand judgment in their favor against the Defendant, as follows:

- a. A determination that this action proceed as a class action and Plaintiff adequately represents the Class;
- b. An Order requiring Defendant to bear the cost of class notice;
- c. A return of all amounts paid for the Product sold by the Defendant to the Plaintiff and the Class Members;
- d. For interest thereon, in the maximum amount allowable under applicable law;
- e. For costs of suit, in the maximum amount allowable under applicable law;
- f. For an award of attorneys' fees and costs, to the maximum amount permitted under applicable law;
- g. For injunctive relief, restraining and enjoining the Defendant from continuing to use these deceptive sales tactics;
- h. For restitution of the funds which were unjustly enriched by Defendant, at the expense of Plaintiff and Class Members; and

i. For such other and further relief for the Plaintiffs as this Honorable Court 1 2 shall deem just. 3 4 5 DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 6 Plaintiff and the Class Members demand trial by jury as to all matters and 7 issues triable. 8 9 DATED: February 25, 2014 10 11 Jonathan Shub (SBN 237708) 12 SEEGER WEISS LLP 1515 Market Street, Suite 1380 13 Philadelphia, PA 19102 14 Phone: (215) 564-2300 Fax: (215) 851-8029 15 jshubía seegerweiss.com 16 Nick Suciu III 17 (Pro Hac Vice Application 18 Forthcoming) Alyson Oliver 19 (Pro Hac Vice Application 20 Forthcoming) OLIVER LAW GROUP PC 21 950 W. University Drive, Ste. 200 22 Rochester, MI 48307 Telephone: (248) 327-6556 23 Facsimile: (248) 436-3385 24 notifications@oliverlg.com www.legalactionnow.com 25 26 27

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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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Jordan L. Chaikin (Pro Hac Vice Application Forthcoming) PARKER WAICHMAN LLP 3301 Bonita Beach Road, Suite 101 Bonita Springs, FL 34134 Telephone: 239-390-1000 Facsimile: 239-390-0055 jchaikin@yourlawyer.com

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811 Wilshire Blvd, Ste. 1708 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (310) 920-7037 zebiblaw@gmail.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff
Dino Bruce, and on Behalf
of All Others Similarly Situated

- 1315 Maibet Stulet, State 13, C. Phil Idelphia, PA 10102 - P.215 (A11.28.1) - F.215, A3100 - Wilkinstein Stephenson on

February 25, 2014

VIA CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Kind, LLC 8 West 38th Street, 6th Floor New York, New York 10018

Re: Demand Letter Pursuant to California Civil Code § 1782

To whom it may concern:

This letter serves as a preliminary notice and demand for corrective action by Kind, LLC ("Kind") pursuant to the provisions of California Civil Code § 1782, on behalf of our client, Dino Bruce, and all other persons similarly situated.

Kind has sold and continues to sell the "All Natural" snack bars; Kind® Plus Cranberry Almond + Antioxidants, Kind® Plus Dark Chocolate Cherry Cashew + Antioxidants and Kind® Plus Pomegranate Blueberry Pistachio + Antioxidants (the "Products"), without disclosing to consumers the synthetic and/or unnatural nature of the ingredients Ascorbic Acid and Soy Lecithin contained within the Products.

Kind has uniformly and deceptively promoted the Products as "All Natural." Kind has and continues to deceive consumers to induce them to purchase the Products, taking away market share from its competitors and increasing its own profits.

Mr. Bruce is a citizen of the State of California and a consumer as defined in California Civil Code § 1761(d) in that he purchased the Products "for personal, family or household purposes." The Products purchased by Mr. Bruce all contained the deceptive "All Natural" labeling. Mr. Bruce purchased the Products from Gelson's Super Market in Hollywood, California and other retail stores in the state of California.

Mr. Bruce suffered a loss of money as a result of Kind's deception in the amount of the purchase price of the products that he purchased.

By deceptively labeling the Products as "All Natural", Kind violated numerous provisions of California law including the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Civil Code § 1770, including but not limited to subsections (a)(5), (7), and (9), California's Unfair Competition Law (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq..) and California's False Advertising Law (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500 et seq.)

New York

Newark

Philadelphia

We hereby demand that Kind immediately (1) cease and desist from further sales of the Products in the state of California that contain "All Natural" on the labeling, (2) conduct a corrective advertising campaign; (3) make full restitution to all purchasers of the Products in the state of California of all money obtained from sales thereof; and (4) destroy all misleading and deceptive materials relating to Kind's deceptive labeling of the Products as "All Natural."

It is further demanded that Kind preserve all documents and other evidence which refer or relate to any of the above-described practices including, but not limited to, the following:

- 1. All documents concerning product development and production of the Products;
- 2. All communications with the Food and Drug Administration concerning the Products;
- 3. All documents concerning the advertisement, marketing or sale of the Products; and

Please comply with this demand within 30 days from receipt of this letter.

We are willing to negotiate with Kind to attempt to resolve the demands asserted in this letter. If Kind wishes to enter into such discussions, please contact me immediately.

Sincerely.

lonathan Shub

SEEGER WEISS LLP

New York

Newark

Philadelphia

ORIGINAL

1 2 3 4 5	Jonathan N. Shub (SBN 237708) SEEGER WEISS LLP 1515 Market Street, Suite 1380 Philadelphia, PA 19102 Phone: (215) 564-2300 Fax: (215) 851-8029 jshub@seegerweiss.com	On!
6 7 8	Attorneys for Plaintiff Dino Bruce, and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated	
9	UNITED STATE	ES DISTRICT COURT
10 11		RICT OF CALIFORNIA
12 13	DINO BRUCE, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated,	
14 15	Plaintiff,	CASE NO.:
16 17	V.	AFFIDAVIT OF PLAINTIFF DINO BRUCE
18	KIND, LLC,	
19		
20	Defendant.	
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AFFIDAVIT OF PLAINTIFF DINO BRUCE PAGE NO. 1

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

i. (a) PLAINTIFFS (Che	ck box if you are repr	esenting yourself 🔲)	DEFENDANTS	(Check box if you are re	presenting yourself [])			
DINO BRUCE, on behalf of hi	mself and all others simil	arly situated,	KIND, LLC	KIND, LLC				
(b) County of Residence	of First Listed Plair	ntiff Los Angeles	County of Reside	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant New York, NY				
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CAS	ES)		(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CAS	(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)				
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name representing yourself, pro			,	Attorneys (Firm Name, Address and Telephone Number) If you are representing yourself, provide the same information.				
II. BASIS OF JURISDIC 1. U.S. Government Plaintiff	3. Federal Q	uestion (U.S. t Not a Party)	(Place an X in one bo	INCIPAL PARTIES-For D x for plaintiff and one for d DEF 1	efendant) Principal Place Dis State Did Principal Place Did 97			
2. U.S. Government Defendant	4. Diversity (of Parties in		Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 Foreign Nation				
IV. ORIGIN (Place an X in one box only.) 1. Original 2. Removed from 3. Remanded from 4. Reinstated or 5. Transferred from Another District District Litigation Continue Continue								
V. REQUESTED IN COM	PLAINT: JURY DE	MAND: X Yes	No (Check "Yes" or	nly if demanded in com	olaint.)			
CLASS ACTION under	_		,	NDED IN COMPLAINT:				
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION False Advertising; 28 U.S.C. §		te under which you are fili	ng and write a brief statemer	nt of cause. Do not cite jurisdi	ctional statutes unless diversity.)			
VII. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an X in one bo	ox only).						
OTHER STATUTES	CONTRACT	REAL PROPERTY CONT	IMMIGRATION	PRISONER PETITIONS	PROPERTY RIGHTS			
375 False Claims Act	110 Insurance	240 Torts to Land	462 Naturalization Application	Habeas Corpus:	820 Copyrights			
400 State Reapportionment	120 Marine	245 Tort Product Liability	465 Other	463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate	330 Patent			
410 Antitrust	130 Miller Act	290 All Other Real Property	Immigration Actions TORTS	Sentence 530 General	840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY			
430 Banks and Banking	140 Negotiable	TORTS	PERSONAL PROPERTY	535 Death Penalty	861 HIA (1395ff)			
450 Commerce/ICC Rates/Etc.	150 Recovery of Overpayment &	PERSONAL INJURY	370 Other Fraud	Other:	862 Black Lung (923)			
460 Deportation	Enforcement of	310 Airplane 315 Airplane	371 Truth in Lending	540 Mandamus/Other	863 DIWC/DIWW (405 (g))			
470 Racketeer Influenced & Corrupt Org.	Judgment 151 Medicare Act	Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel &	380 Other Personal Property Damage	550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition	864 SSID Title XVI			
480 Consumer Credit	152 Recovery of	Slander 330 Fed. Employers'	385 Property Damage		865 RSI (405 (g))			
490 Cable/Sat TV	Defaulted Student Loan (Excl. Vet.)	Liability	Product Liability BANKRUPTCY	Conditions of Confinement	FEDERAL TAX SUITS			
850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange	153 Recovery of	340 Marine 345 Marine Product	— 422 Appeal 28	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)			
890 Other Statutory	Overpayment of Vet. Benefits	Liability 350 Motor Vehicle	423 Withdrawal 28	625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881	871 IRS-Third Party 26 USC 7609			
Actions 891 Agricultural Acts	160 Stockholders' Suits	355 Motor Vehicle	CIVIL RIGHTS	690 Other				
893 Environmental	190 Other	Product Liability 360 Other Personal	440 Other Civil Rights		1			
☐ Matters ☐ 895 Freedom of Info.	Contract	☐ Injury	441 Voting	710 Fair Labor Standards				
☐ Act	195 Contract Product Liability	362 Personal Injury- Med Malpratice	442 Employment	720 Labor/Mgmt.				
896 Arbitration	196 Franchise	365 Personal Injury- Product Liability	Accommodations	740 Railway Labor Act				
899 Admin, Procedures Act/Review of Appeal of Agency Decision	REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure	367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability	445 American with Disabilities- Employment 446 American with Disabilities-Other	751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litioation				
950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability	448 Education	791 Emplayee Ret. Inc. Security Act				

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY:

Case Number:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

VIII. VENUE: Your answers to the questions below will determine the division of the Court to which this case will most likely be initially assigned. This initial assignment is subject to change, in accordance with the Court's General Orders, upon review by the Court of your Complaint or Notice of Removal.

Question A: Was this case removed from state court?			STATE CASE WAS PENDING IN THE COUNTY OF:				INITIAL DIVISION IN CACD IS:		
Yes X No		Los Angeles				Western			
If "no, " go to Question B. If "yes," check the box to the right that applies, enter the corresponding division in response to			entura, Santa Barbara, or San	Luis Obisp	0		Western		
			range				Southern		
Question D, below, and skip to Section	n IX.	□ R	☐ Riverside or San Bernardino				Eastern		
Question B: Is the United States, or	one of	-							
its agencies or employees, a party to this		If the United States, or one of its agencies or employees, is a party, is i				INITAL			
action?		A PLAINTIFF?			A DEFENDANT?			DIVISION IN CACD IS:	
☐ Yes 🗷 No		Then check the box below for the county in which the majority of DEFENDANTS reside.			Then check the box below for the county in which the majority of PLAINTIFFS reside				
If "no, " go to Question C. If "yes," chec		☐ L	os Angeles		Los Angeles			Western	
box to the right that applies, enter the corresponding division in response to		Ventura, Santa Barbara, or San Luis Obispo		Ventura, Santa Barbara, or San Luis Obispo		n Luis	Western		
Question D, below, and skip to Section	n IX.	Orange			Orange			Southern	
		Riverside or San Bernardino			Riverside or San Bernardino			Eastern	
		Other			☐ Other			Western	
	A		В.	C.		D.	·	Ε.	F.
Question C: Location of plaintiffs, defendants, and claims? (Make only one selection per row)		ngeles Ventura, Santa Barbara, or O			Orange County Riverside of San Bernard no Counties		Outside the Central Other District of California		i
Indicate the location in which a majority of plaintiffs reside:	×								
Indicate the location in which a majority of defendants reside:									X
Indicate the location in which a majority of claims arose:		3							
C.1. Is either of the following true?	If so, ch	heck th	e one that applies:	C.2. Is	either o	of the following true? If so	o, check the	one that applies:	
2 or more answers in Column C					2 or	more answers in Column D			
only 1 answer in Column C and no answers in Column D				only 1 answer in Column D and no answers in Column C					
Your case will initi			ed to the			Your case will initiall	y be assigne	d to the	
SOUTHERN DIVISION. Enter "Southern" in response to Question D, below.				EASTERN DIVISION. Enter "Eastern" in response to Question D, below.					
If none applies, answer question C2 to the right.				If none applies, go to the box below					
Your case will initially be assigned to the									
WESTERN DIVISION. Enter "Western" in response to Question D below.									
Question D: Initial Division?						INITIAL DIVI	SION IN CAC	D	
Enter the initial division determined by Question A, B, or C above:				Western					
I.									

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

IX(a). IDENTICAL CA	SES: Has this act	ion been previously filed in this court and dismissed, remanded or closed?	× NO	YES							
If yes, list case num	ber(s):										
IX(b). RELATED CASE	S: Have any case	es been previously filed in this court that are related to the present case?	× NO	YES							
If yes, list case num	ber(s):										
Civil cases are deemed	related if a previo	usly filed case and the present case:									
(Check all boxes that app	oly) 🔲 A. Arise f	rom the same or closely related transactions. happenings, or events; or									
	B. Call fo	B. Call for determination of the same or substantially related or similar questions of law and fact; or									
C. For other reasons would entail substantial duplication of labor if heard by different judges, or											
	D. Involv	e the same patent, trademark or copyright <u>, and</u> one of the factors identified above in a	, b or c also is pre	sent.							
other papers as required by	:The CV-71 (JS-44) rlaw. This form, ap he Court for the pu	Civil Cover Sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement proved by the Judic'al Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required proper of statistics, venue and initiating the civil docket sheet. (For more detailed instruc	oursuant to Local	Rule 3-1 is not filed							
Nature of Suit Code	Abbreviation	Substantive Statement of Cause of Action									
861	HIA	All claims for health insurance benefits (Medicare) under Title 18. Part A, of the Social include claims by hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc., for certification as providers (42 U.S.C. 1935FF(b))	Security Act, as a of services unde	amended. Also, er the program.							
862	BL	All claims for "Black Lung" benefits under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Hea 923)	under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969. (30 U.S.C								
863	DIWC	All claims filed by insured workers for disability insurance benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended; plus all claims filed for child's insurance benefits based on disability. (42 U.S.C. 405 (g))									
863	DIWW	All claims filed for widows or widowers insurance benefits based on disability under amended. (42 U.S.C, 405 (g))	te benefits based on disability under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as								
864	SSID	All claims for supplemental security income payments based upon disability filed un amended.	der Title 16 of th	e Social Security Act, as							
865	RSI	All claims for retirement (o'd age) and survivors benefits under Title 2 of the Social Sc (42 U.S.C. 405 (g))	ecurity Act, as am	nended.							

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